
 ** TECHNICAL LITERATURE **
 ** FOR **
 ** TFT-LCD module **

MODEL No. LQ64SP1

DATE Mar. 11. 1996

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mass production

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LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

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1. Application

This technical literature applies to a color **TFT-LCD** module, **LQ64SP1**.

2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFTs (**Thin Film Transistors**). It is composed of a type **color TFT-LCD** panel, driver ICS, control circuit and power supply circuit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 800x3x600dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying 18 bit data **signals(6bit/color)**, four timing signals and **+5.0V** DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving.

A backlight unit is not built in this module and the horizontal and vertical display reverse function is available. Therefore, this module can be used for the projection-type instruments.

[Features]

- ◎ Low power consumption.
- ◎ Small footprint and thin shape.
- ◎ Light weight.
- ◎ High transmittance panel.

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	16 (6.4") Diagonal	cm
Active area	129. 6(H) × 97. 2(V)	mm
Pixel format	800(H) × 600(V)	pixels
	(1 pixel =R+G+B dots)	
Pixel pitch	0. 162(H) × 0. 162(V)	mm
Pixel arrangement	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Unit outline dimensions *1	175. 0(W)×126. 5(H)×5. 8(D)	mm
Mass	(TBD)	g
Used polarizer (Outgoing light side)	NPF-EG1425DUHC(NITTO DENKO Co., Ltd.)	

*1 Note: excluding the electrical components.

The outline dimensions is shown in **Fig.1**

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

The module-side connector: IL-FRP-40S-HF (JAE)

CN1

The user-side FPC: Shown in Fig. 2

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND		
2	CK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	
3	GND		
4	GND		
5	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	【Note1】
6	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	【Note1】
7	GND		
8	R0	RED data signal (LSB)	
9	R1	RED data signal	
10	R2	RED data signal	
11	R3	RED data signal	
12	R4	RED data signal	
13	R5	RED data signal (MSB)	
14	GND		
15	GND		
16	GND		
17	G0	GREEN data signal (LSB)	
18	G1	GREEN data signal	
19	G2	GREEN data signal	
20	G3	GREEN data signal	
21	G4	GREEN data signal	
22	G5	GREEN data signal (MSB)	
23	GND		
24	GND		
25	GND		
26	B0	BLUE data signal (LSB)	
27	B1	BLUE data signal	
28	B2	BLUE data signal	
29	B3	BLUE data signal	
30	B4	BLUE data signal	
31	B5	BLUE data signal (MSB)	
32	GND		
33	GND		
34	GND		
35	ENAB	Signal to settle the horizontal display position	【Note2】
36	V_{cc}	+5.0V power supply	
37	V_{cc}	+5.0V power supply	
38	R/L	Signal to settle the horizontal display reverse	【Note3】
39	U/D	Signal to settle the vertical display reverse	【Note3】
40	GND		

※The shielding case is connected with GND in the module.

【Note1】 The polarity of both synchronous signals are negative.

【Note2】 The horizontal display start timing is settled in accordance with a rising edge of ENAB signal. In case ENAB is fixed “Low”, the horizontal display start timing is determined as described in 7-2. Do NOT keep ENAB “High” during operation.

【Note3】

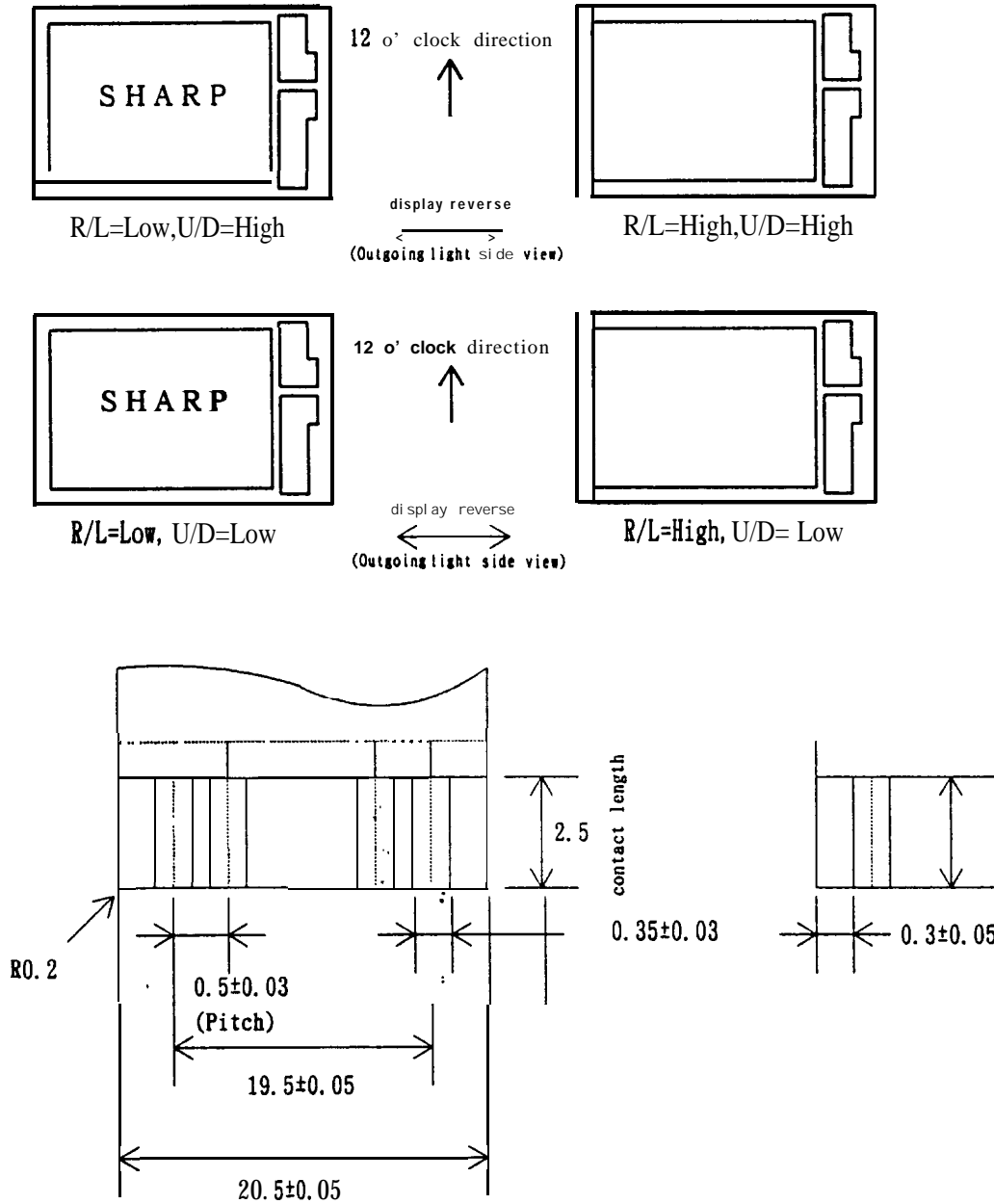


Fig.2 Coressponding FPC Dimensions (Unit: mm)

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	v_i	$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$	$-0.3 \sim V_{cc} + 0.3$	V	【Note1】
Vcc supply voltage	V_{cc}	$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$	$0 \sim +7$	V	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-	$-20 \sim +70(\text{TBD})$	"C	【Note2】
Operating temperature (Ambient)	T_{ops}	-	$0 \sim +60(\text{TBD})$	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Panel surface temperature	T_p	-	$0 \sim +60(\text{TBD})$	$^\circ\text{C}$	【Note5】
Light source wave length	λ_i	-	$400 \leq \lambda_i \leq 750$	nm	
Light source illumination intensity	I_i	-	(TBD)	lx	【Note3, 4】

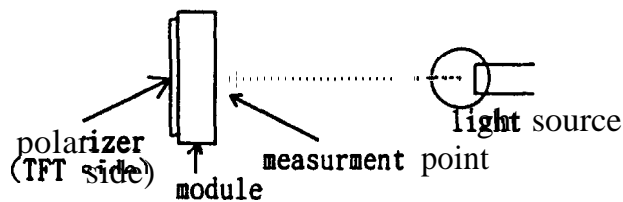
【Note1】 CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D

【Note2】 Humidity : 95%RH Max. at $T_a \leq 40^\circ\text{C}$.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at $T_a > 40^\circ\text{C}$.

No condensation.

【Note3】 Measurement point: panel center (color filter glass side)



【Note4】 Light source shall be placed at incoming light side. (see fig. 1)

【note5】 Temperature difference in panel ‘: less than 5°C

6. Electrical Characteristics

TFT-LCD panel driving

Ta=25t

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Vcc Supply voltage	V _{cc}	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5	V	【Note1】
Supply current	I _{cc}	-	(TBD)	(TBD)	mA	【Note2】
Permissive input ripple voltage	V _{RP}	-	-	100	mVp-p	V _{cc}
Input voltage (Low)	V _{IL}	-	-	0.3V _{cc}	V	【Note3】
Input voltage (High)	V _{IH}	0.7V _{cc}	-	-	v	
Input current (low)	I _{OL1}	-	-	1.0	μA	V _I =0V, 【Note4】
	I _{OL2}	75	-	1500	μA	" , 【Note5】
	I _{OL3}	-	-	5.0	μA	' , 【Note6】
Input current (High)	I _{OH1}	-	-	1.0	μA	V _I =V _{cc} , 【Note5】
	I _{OH2}	-	"	5.0	μA	" , 【Note6】
	I _{OH3}	3	-	60.0	μA	' . 【Note6】

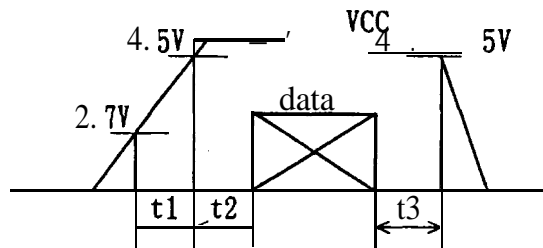
【Note1】

Vcc-turn-on conditions

0 ≤ t1 ≤ 10msec

0 < t2 ≤ 50msec

0 < t3 ≤ 1sec

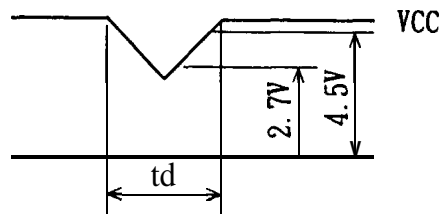


Vcc-dip conditions

1) 2.7V ≤ Vcc (4.5V

td ≤ 10msec

2) Vcc (2.7V



Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the Vcc-turn-on conditions

【Note2】 The typical value of Icc is measured in the following condition.

64-gray-bar pattern.

All of the timing parameters are typical value.

V_{cc}=+5.0V

【Note3】 CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D

【Note4】 CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync

【Note5】 R/L, U/D

【Note6】 ENAB

7. Timing Characteristics of input signals

The timing diagrams of the input signals are shown in **Fig. 3**.

7-1. Timing characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/T.	38.0	40.0	42.0	MHz	
	High time	$T_{c h}$	5	-	-	ns	
	Low time	$T_{c l}$	5	-	-	ns	
	Duty ration	TH/T	40	50	50	%	
Data	Setup time	$T_{d s}$	3	-	-	ns	
	Hold time	$T_{d h}$	10	-	-	ns	
Horizontal sync, signal	Cycle	T_H	20.8	26.4	-	μs	
			832	1056	-	clock	
	Pulse width	$T_{H p}$	2	128	200	clock	
Vertical	Cycle	T_v	628	666	798	line	
	Pulse width	$T_{v p}$	2	4	6	1 line	
Horizontal display period		$T_{H d}$	800	800	800	clock	
Hsync-Clock phase difference		$T_{H.}$	10	-	$T_{.}-10$	ns	
Hsync-Vsync phase difference		$T_{v h}$	0	-	$T_H-T_{H p}$	clock	
Vertical data start position		$T_{v s}$	23	23	23	line	

Note) In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of the display quality, flicker etc., may occur.

7-2. Horizontal display position

The horizontal display position is determined by ENAB signal and the input data corresponding to the rising edge of ENAB signal is displayed at the left end of the active area.

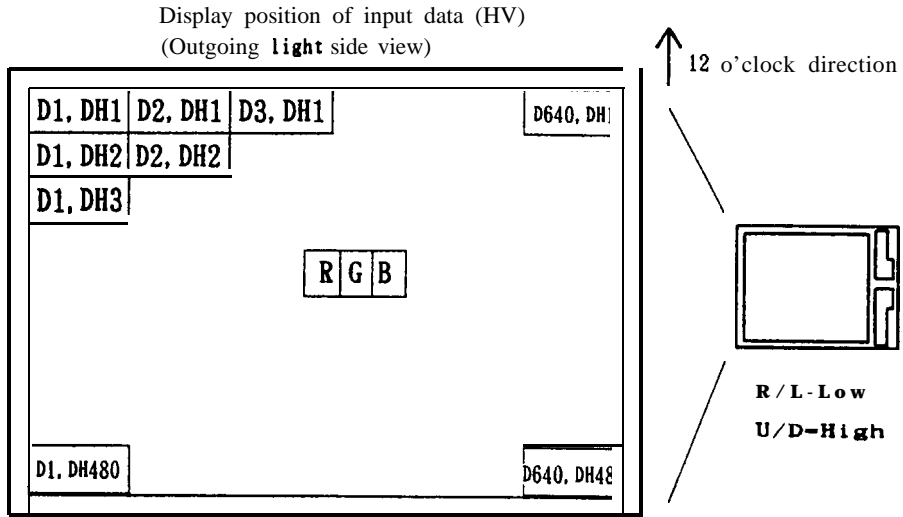
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
ENAB signal	Setup time	$T_{. s}$	5	-	$T_{.}-10$	ns	
	Pulse width	$T_{. p}$	2	800	T_H-1	clock	
Hsync-ENAB signal phase difference		$T_{H.}$	58	88	170	clock	

Note) When **ENAB** is fixed “Low”, the display starts from the data of **C88(clock)** as shown in **Fig. 3**. Be careful that the module does NOT work when ENAB is fixed “High”.

7-3. Vertical display position

The vertical display position, Tvs, is fixed "23" (line).

7-4. Input Data Signal and Display Position on the screen



⋮

8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Color & Gray scale (GS)		Data signal																	
	GS	GS	RO	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	GO	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	BO	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
Basic color	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0																			
	0																			
	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↓	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑																			
	↓																			
	Brighter	GS64	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	↓	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	↑																			
	0																			
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	↓	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

0:Low Level voltage, 1:High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25℃, Vcc=+5.0V

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing angle range	Horizontal	$C_R > 10$	35	-	-	Deg.	【Note1, 4】	
	Vertical		θ_{11}	30	-	-		Deg.
			θ_{12}	10	-	-		Deg.
Contrast ratio	C_R	$e = 0^\circ$	100	-	-		【Note2, 4】	
Response time	Rise		τ_r	-	20	-	ms	【Note3, 4】
	Decay		τ_d		40	-	ms	
Chromaticity shift	Ax				(TBD)	-		【Note4, 5】
	Ay				(TBD)	-		
Transmissivity	t_r			(TBD)	-	%	*1	

*1 Note:excluding the incident side polarizing plate.

The characteristics of the backlight for the measurement of these parameter.

Luminance : $I \geq 3,500\text{cd/m}^2$

Wave length : $\lambda \geq 400\text{nm}$

The measurement shall be executed 30 □ inutes after lighting at rating. This optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.4.

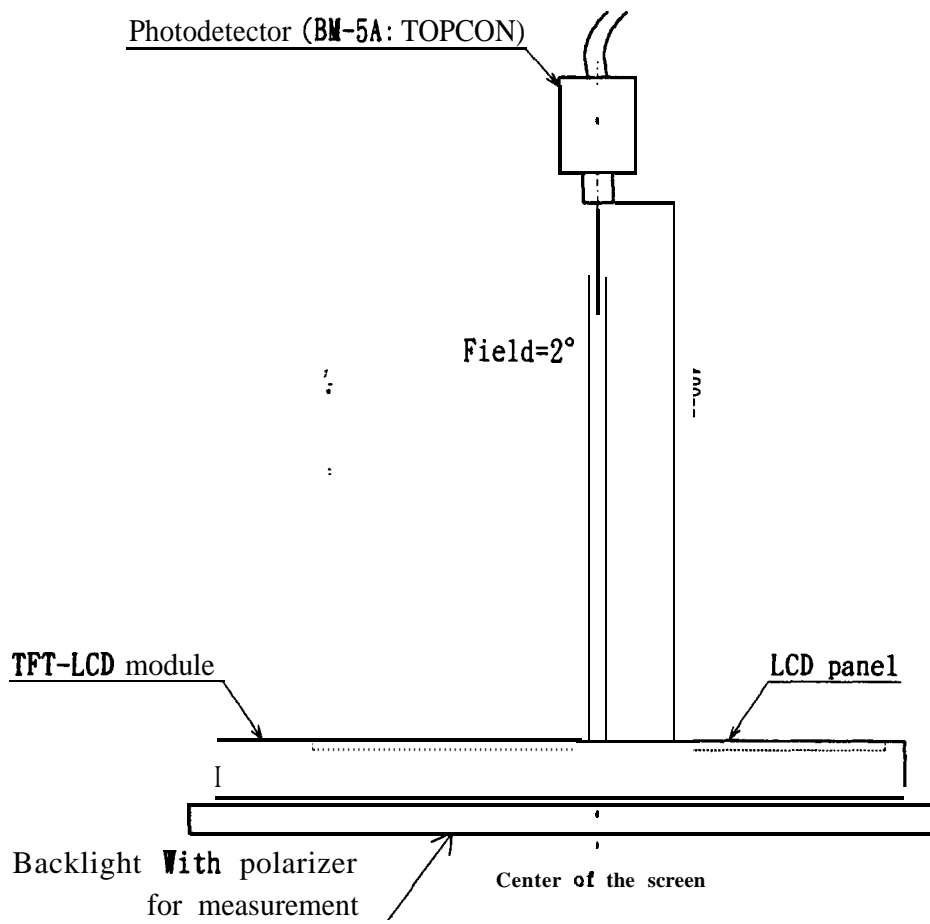
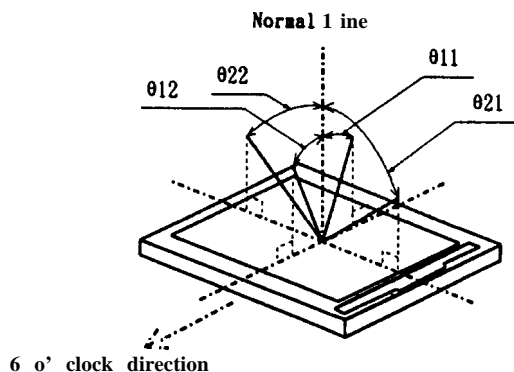


Fig.4 The optical characteristics measuerment method

【Note1】 Definitions of viewing angle range:



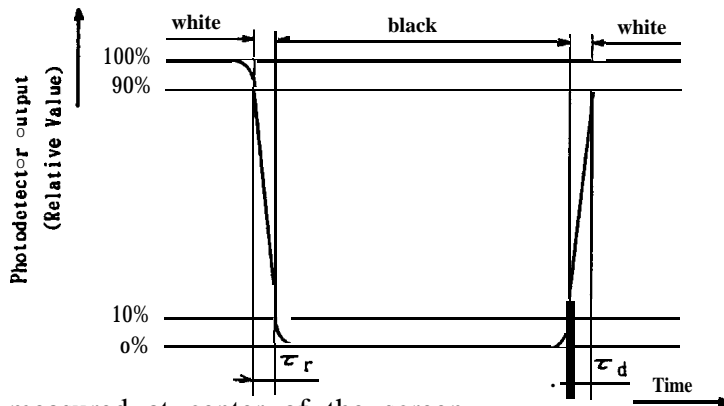
【Note2】 Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

【Note3】 Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “black” and “white”.



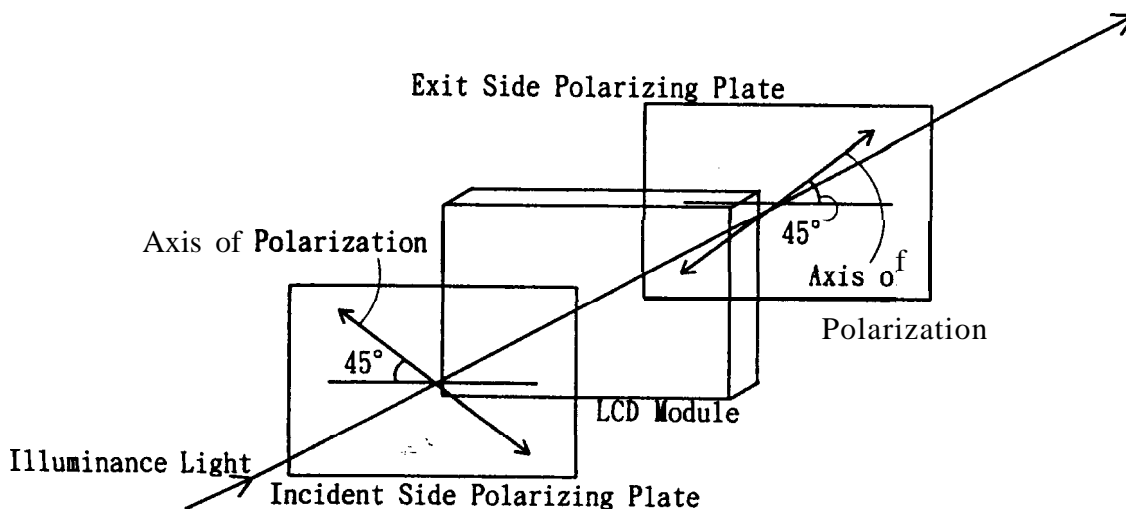
【Note4】 This shall be measured at center of the screen.

【Note5】 Definition of chromaticity shift:

Chromaticity shift is the chromaticity difference of the light source and the outgoing light from the module.

The light source for the measurement is the standard “C”, $x=0.310$ and $y=0.316$.

【Note6】 The setting angle of polarizing plate against LC module.



10. Display Quality

The display quality of the color **TFT-LCD** module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

11. Handling Precautions

11-1. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.

11-2. Precautions in mounting.

- a) **When** installing the module, be sure to fix the module on the same plane, taking care not to warp or twist the module.
- b) Since the polarizer is made of soft material, care must be taken not to scratch the surface. Protective laminated film is attached on the outgoing light side surface glass to protect from scratches or dirt. It is recommended that the laminated film is peeled off, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.

※Precautions when peeling off the laminated film:

I) Working environment

When the laminated film is peeled off, there may be cases that some particles like dust are stuck by electrostatic charge, so the following working environment is recommended.

- (i) Floor: **Anti-electro-static** treatment more than **1MΩ** on the tile.
- (ii) **Spread** an adhesive mat at a doorway in the clean room.
- (i) Humidity: 50% to 70%, Temperature: **15℃** to **27℃**.
- (r) **Worker** needs **anti-electro-static** shoes, **anti-electro-static** work wear, **anti-electro-static** gloves and earth band.

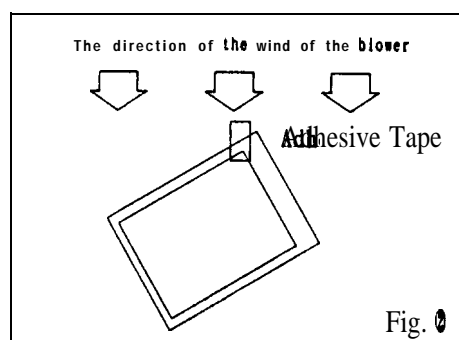
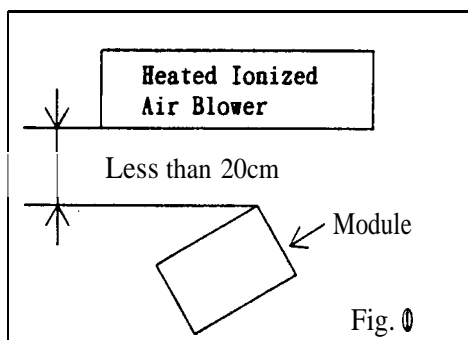
II) Working way

- (i) **Keep** the distance between the module and the heated ionized air blower within **20cm**. The module shall be well blown to the wind of the blower. (Fig. ①)
- (ii) **Attach** an adhesive tape to a corner of the laminated film near the heated ionized air blower. (Fig. ②) :
- (i) **Peel** the laminated film pulling the adhesive tape to **your side**. It is important that it takes more than 5 seconds to peel off the laminated film.
- (r) **The** module after peeling laminated film must be moved to next work **immediately** without getting dust.
- (r) **The** way to remove 'dust' from the polarizer
 - **BLOW** it off by nitrogen blow that is taken measures against electrostatic charges. Ionized air gun is recommended.
 - **Since** polarizer is easily damaged. In unavoidable case, wipe it carefully by the cloth like a wiper for lens, breathing on it.

11-3. The thin liquid crystal layer is packed in the TFT panel. This layer may be disturbed by the external force when the panel surface is pushed strongly and this disturbance may cause the transient display non-uniformity. So do not push the panel surface strongly. If the disturbance occurs, keep the power off for a while.

11-4. Others

- a) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress **such** as warp or twist.
- b) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- c) **Wipe** off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- d) **When** the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- e) Since CMOS LSIS are used in this module. take care of static electricity and ensure the human earth when handling.
- f) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.



12. Reliability test items

No.	Test item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=70℃ 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20℃ 240h
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta=40℃; 95%RH 240h (No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=60℃ 240h (The panel temp. must be less than 60℃)
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0℃ 240h
6	Vibration test (non-operating)	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm :58~500Hz/Gravity:9.8m/s ² Sweep time: 11 minutes Test period:3 hours (1 hour for each direction of X, Y, Z)
7	Shock test (non-operating)	Max. gravity:490m/s ² Pulse width: 11ms, sine wave Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z once for each direction.

[Evaluation Criteria]

There shall be no change which may affect the practical use of the display under the Display Quality Test conditions.

13. Others

- 1) Lot No. Label

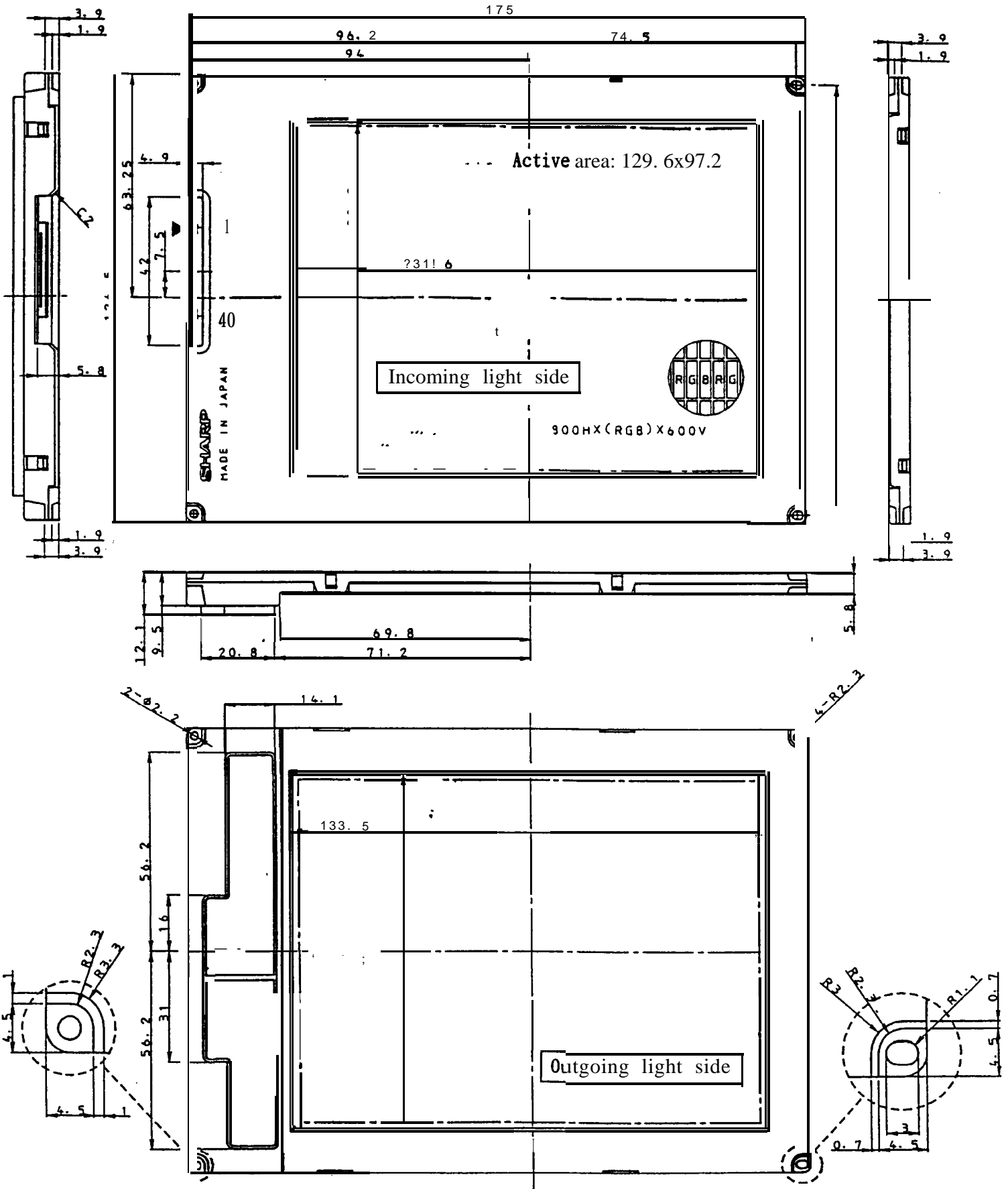
LQ64SP1	6100001
MODEL Number	LOT Number

- 2) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the data mentioned in this technical literature may not be satisfied.
- 3) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 4) If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this technical literature, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

14. Packing form

- 1) Piling number of cartons : MAX. 12
- 2) Package quantity in one carton : MAX. 10
- 3) Carton Size : 384(W)×273(H)×219(D)mm

Packing form is shown in Fig.5.



General tolerance is ± 0.5

Fig. 1 Outline dimensions

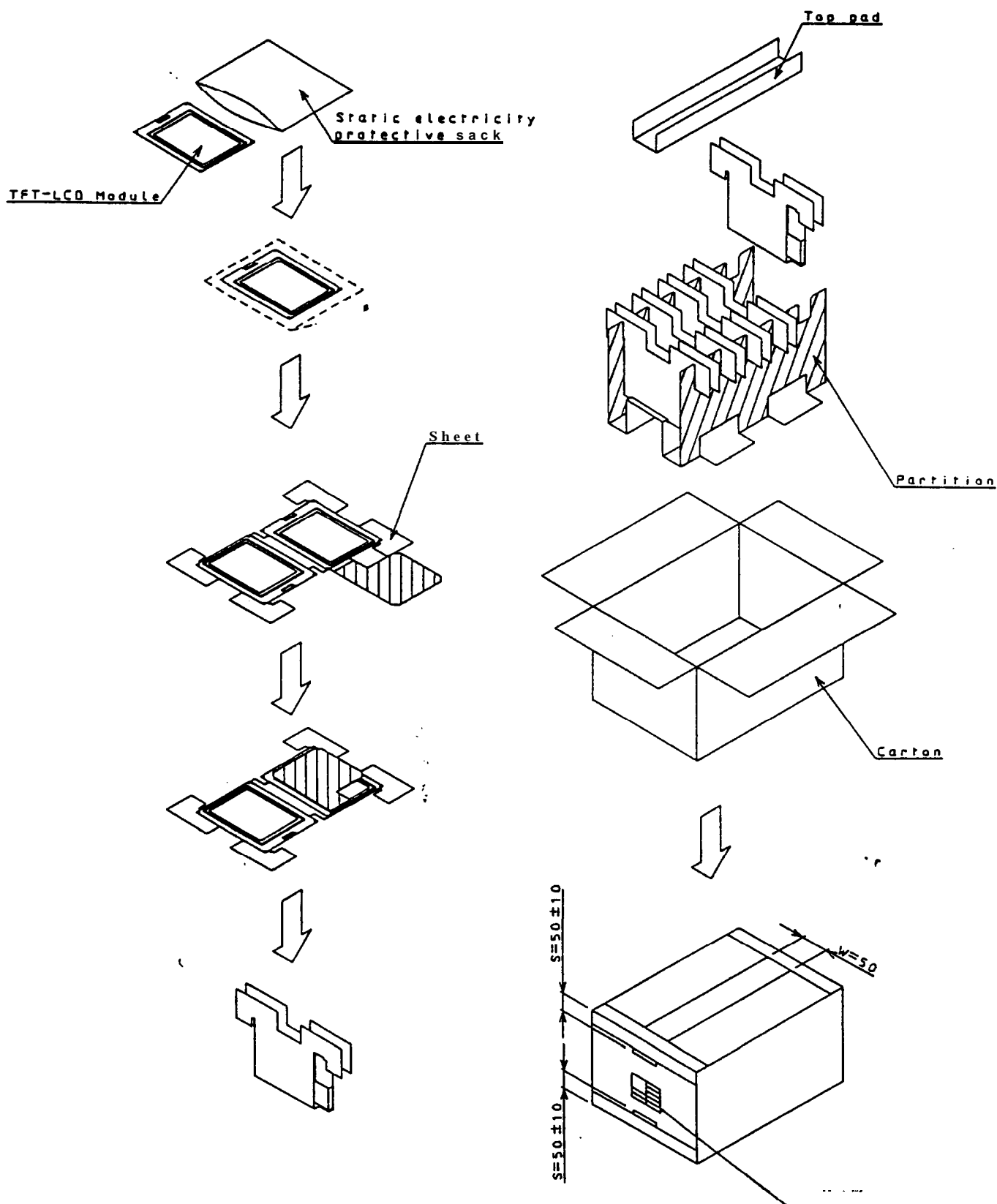


Fig. 5 Packing Form

TYPE	LQ64SP1
QUANTITY	10
LOT (DATE)	96.**.**